| CITY OF PORT ORFORD

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024
WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



CITY OF PORT ORFORD, OREGON

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

ELECTED OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF PORT ORFORD, OREGON

Pat Cox (Elected 11/3/2020) Mayor

P.O. Box 1031

Port Orford, Oregon 97465

Ann Vileisis (Appointed 11/8/2022) Chair/Council President

P.O. Box 89

Port Orford, Oregon 97465

Tim Pogwizd (Elected 11/3/2020) Councilor

P.O. Box 697

Port Orford, Oregon 97465

Brett Webb (Elected 11/8/2022) Councilor

P.O. Box 1087

Port Orford, Oregon 97465

Perri Rask (Elected 11/8/2022) Councilor

P.O. Box 1287

Port Orford, Oregon 97465

Gregory Tidey (Elected 11/3/2020) Councilor

820 Jackson Street

Port Orford, Oregon 97465

Gary Burns (Elected 11/3/2020) Councilor

P.O. Box 21

Port Orford, Oregon 97465

ADMINISTRATION

Melissa Radcliffe City Administrator

P.O. Box 310

Port Orford, Oregon 97465

Lori Cooper Legal Counsel

975 Oak Street

Eugene, Oregon 97401



City of Port Orford, Oregon

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| INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT





Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Council City of Port Orford Port Orford, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Port Orford, Oregon (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit	Type of Opinion
Governmental Activities	Qualified
Governmental Funds	Unmodified
Enterprise Funds	Unmodified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified

Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the matters described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the City, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on Governmental Funds, Enterprise Funds, and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund of the City, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

The City has not obtained an actuarial valuation for its single-employer other-postemployment benefit plan. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that long-term liabilities and associated expenses be recorded, which would decrease the ending net position and the change in net position. The amount by which this departure would affect the ending net position and change in net position has not been determined

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
 of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, General Fund and major Special Revenue Fund budgetary comparison information, certain pension schedules, and certain other post-employment benefit schedules as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, certain pension schedules and certain other post-employment benefit schedule in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The General Fund and major Special Revenue Fund budgetary comparison information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund and major Special Revenue Fund budgetary comparison information and the combing schedule noted under the required supplementary information in the Table of Contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon State Regulations

In accordance with Oregon State Regulation, we have also issued our report dated August 15, 2025 on our consideration of the City of Port Orford's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0330 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing necessary to address the required provisions of ORS, and not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

Benjamin R. Cohn, CPA

KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Sujuni P. CM

Medford, Oregon August 15, 2025



|MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Port Orford (the City), we offer readers of the City financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements. It should also be noted that all amounts included in the text below are rounded for ease of reading.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In the **government-wide statements**, the City's assets and deferred outflows totaled \$19.1 million at June 30, 2024 consisting of \$16.3 million in capital assets, \$975 thousand in unrestricted cash and investments, \$258 thousand in receivables, \$1.2 million in restricted cash and investments, and \$405 thousand in deferred outflows. The City's assets and deferred outflows increased by \$147 thousand, or .78 percent from the prior year.
- In the **government-wide statements**, the City's liabilities and deferred inflows totaled \$4.4 million at June 30, 2024 consisting of \$3.0 million in long-term debt, \$981 thousand in net pension liability, \$210 thousand in deferred inflows, and about \$192 thousand in accounts payable and other current liabilities. Long-term debt increased due to debt issuance in the current fiscal year.
- In the **government-wide statements**, the City's net position (assets/deferred outflows minus liabilities/deferred inflows) totaled \$14.7 million at June 30, 2024, of which \$13.2 million was net investment in capital assets, \$1.3 million was considered restricted, and \$176 thousand was considered unrestricted. In the prior year, net position totaled \$15.1 million.
- The City's net position decreased \$487 thousand during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 from the prior year net position.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Basic Financial Statements and supplementary information are presented using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

The Basic Financial Statements present financial information about the City as a whole and about its activities. Following the Basic Financial Statements is the Required and Other Supplementary Information which provides budgetary comparisons for the governmental and proprietary funds, and other combining fund schedules. Finally, completing the document is a series of other financial schedules, and reports by the independent certified public accountants, as required by statute.

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to present the financial picture of the City in a manner similar to a private-sector business, i.e. from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting.

The statement of net position includes all assets and deferred outflows of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities and deferred inflows (including long-term debt). Net position is the difference between assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, which is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position may be an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities reports all revenues when earned and expenses when incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The focus of the statement of activities is to present the major program costs, matching major resources with each. To the extent a program's costs are not recovered by grants and direct charges, it is paid from general taxes and other general revenues. This statement summarizes and simplifies the user's analysis to determine the extent to which programs are self-supporting and/or subsidized by general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish programs/functions of the City that are governmental (principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) to those that are business-type (intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges).

Governmental activities of the City are categorized as follows:

- Administrative includes centralized services such as information technology, administration and financial services and other general functions not separately identified as a program.
- Police and court department includes police department and operation of the City's courts
- Parks department includes maintenance of the City's parks and playgrounds.
- Planning department includes the City's community development and building inspection functions.
- Highways and streets includes the City's street maintenance operations, street and local improvement construction and the City's engineering activities.
- Non-departmental includes those activities that are not specifically included in another department.

Business-type activities include the following:

- Water includes maintenance, operation and construction of the City's water intake, purification and delivery systems. The principal source of revenue is user fees.
- Sewer includes maintenance and operation of the City's wastewater collection and treatment system. The principal source of revenue is user fees.
- Other proprietary funds includes the City's water and sewer system development operations, water and sewer capital reserves, and equipment replacement activities.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Following the government-wide statements is a section containing fund financial statements. The fund financial statements include statements for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Funds are used to segregate resources for specific activities or objectives.

Governmental Funds. The governmental fund statements emphasize available financial resources rather than net income. They are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. A reconciliation of the fund balance reported in the governmental funds balance sheet to the net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position, and a reconciliation of the change in fund balances reported in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances to the change in net position reported in the government-wide statement of activities are provided to facilitate a comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City has four governmental funds, all of which are considered major funds and presented separately in the governmental funds financial statements. These funds are the General Fund, the Public Safety Fund, the Parks Fund, and the Street Fund.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities supported by user charges and where the emphasis is on net income. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations. The Water and Sewer Funds are presented separately as the major funds in the proprietary fund financial statements. Five non-major funds are combined and presented in a single column as other proprietary funds.

3. Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide information that is essential for a full understanding of the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements (the basic financial statements). Information such as significant accounting policies and detail of certain assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are included in the notes which should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Analysis of Net Position

The City's assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$14.7 million at June 30, 2024. Net position for governmental activities totaled \$10.8 million while net position for business-type activities totaled \$3.9 million.

As mentioned earlier, net position may be an indicator of the City's financial position. At the end of the current year, the City has a positive net position balance. Net position decreased by \$487 thousand from the prior year. The largest portion of the City's net position is its net investment in capital assets, which consists of 90.1 percent of the total net position, followed by the restricted/unrestricted net position representing 9.9 percent of total net position. In the prior year, 88.3 percent of the City's net position was net investments in capital assets, and 11.7 percent was restricted/unrestricted.

	June	30, 2024	June 3	0, 2023
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Current & other assets	\$ 404	\$ 2,023	\$ 685	\$ 2,144
Capital assets, net	10,858	5,398	10,959	4,747
Total assets	11,262	7,421	11,644	6,891
Deferred outflows of resources	205	200	205	201
Other liabilities	92	100	92	145
Pension liabilities	496	485	427	417
Long-term debt	-	3,046	-	2,326
Total liabilities	588	3,632	519	2,888
Deferred inflows of resources	106	104	196	192
Invested in capital assets				
net of related debt	10,858	2,351	10,959	2,421
Restricted	93	1,182	113	1,114
Unrestricted	(177)	353	62	477
Total net position	\$ 10,773	\$ 3,886	\$ 11,134	\$ 4,012

The amounts in table above are presented in thousands.

Analysis of Changes in Net Position

The City's Statement of Activities for fiscal year's ended June 30 follows (amounts presented in thousands):

,	June 30	0, 2024	June 30, 2023					
	Governmental	Business-type	Governmental	Business-type				
	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities				
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 139	\$ 1,143	\$ 186	\$ 1,115				
Operating grants	24	-	130	54				
Capital Grants	-	-	-	-				
General revenues:								
Property taxes	666	-	639	-				
Lodging tax	132	-	177	-				
State and local revenues	145	-	145	-				
Franchise fees	63	-	21	-				
Earnings on investments	25	91	26	52				
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	-	-				
Other	19	-	1	-				
Total revenues	1,214	1,234	1,325	1,221				
Expenses:								
Administrative	118	-	117	-				
Police	677	-	522	-				
Parks	201	-	181	-				
Planning	31	-	33	-				
Highways and streets	251	-	238	-				
Non-departmental	211	-	221	-				
Interest on long-term debt	-	99	-	103				
Water	-	727	-	679				
Sewer	-	611	-	544				
Other programs	-	8	-	7				
Total expenses	1,490	1,445	1,312	1,333				
Transfers	(85)	85	(306)	306				
(Decrease) Increase in net position	\$ (361)	\$ (126)	\$ (293)	\$ 194				

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities revenue totaled \$1.2 million in the current year, and consisted primarily of property taxes, other taxes, grants and charges for services. Property taxes were 54.9 percent of total governmental activities revenue in the current year, in comparison to 48.3 percent in the prior year. Charges for services represent 11.5 percent of current year revenue, whereas in the prior year, that percentage was 14.0 percent.

As discussed earlier, the City's governmental activities are categorized into the following programs: administrative; police and court department; parks department; planning department; highways and streets; and non-departmental.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities net position decreased by \$126 thousand. In the prior year, business-type activities net position increased by \$195 thousand. In the prior year, business-type revenues totaled \$1.2 million and consisted primarily of fees for water and sewer services. In the current year, the City's business-type revenues totaled \$1.2 million, an increase of \$13 thousand over the prior year. Business-type activities are self-supporting where revenues are expected to cover expenses.

FUND ANALYSIS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of governmental funds reported by the City include the General Fund, the Public Safety Fund, the Parks Fund, and the Street Fund.

At the end of the current year, the City's governmental funds had combined ending fund balances of \$280 thousand, a decrease of \$291 thousand from the prior year fund balance.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is automatically considered a major governmental fund. At the end of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was negative \$58 thousand, a decrease of \$150 thousand from the prior year fund balance. Unassigned fund balance represents 11.8 percent of total annual General Fund expenditures (before considering transfers), which may be a useful measure of the General Fund's liquidity. In the prior year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was about 21.7 percent of total expenditures (before considering transfers) of the fund.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The net position at the end of the year of the Water Funds were \$1.2 million and Sewer Funds were \$1.3 million. The changes in net position of these major proprietary funds were a decrease of \$37 thousand for the Water Fund and an increase of \$17 thousand for the Sewer Fund. The Water, Sewer, and the Equipment Replacement funds are the only proprietary funds which report capital assets. Additionally, a portion of the payroll and related expenses for administrative and maintenance staff were charged to these funds in an effort to properly allocate the costs in the other funds during the year.

Other factors concerning the finances of the proprietary funds can be found in the previous discussion of the City's business-type activities.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2024, the City had invested \$16.3 million in capital assets, net of depreciation as reflected in the following table, which represents a net increase (additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$550 thousand from the prior year's capital assets.

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Land	\$ 8,104,172	\$ 1,023,515	\$ 9,127,687
Construction in progress	2,000	272,138	274,138
Buildings & improvements	128,735	7,601	136,336
Machinery & equipment	175,556	384,620	560,176
Infrastructure	2,447,417	3,709,753	6,157,170
	\$ 10,857,880	\$ 5,397,627	\$16,255,507

LONG-TERM DEBT

As of year-end, the City had \$3.0 million in debt outstanding, an increase of \$720 thousand from the previous year. The increase is a result of the of a new debt issuance. Debt outstanding by type at year-end is comprised of the following (amounts presented in thousands):

		ness-type ctivities
Sewer Revenue Bond Sewer Revenue Installment Bond DEQ Loan	\$	417 1,827 803
	<u>\$</u>	3,046

Debt Limitation and Ratings

Oregon Revised Statutes provides a limit on non-self-supporting general obligation debt of 3 percent of the real market value of all taxable property within the City. Based on the fiscal year 2024 value, the City is within its debt limitation.

Please refer to the notes to the basic financial statements for further detailed information.

ECONOMIC FACTORS, NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (FY25) AND RATES

The City of Port Orford Budget Committee considered the long-term impacts of the current economic conditions on the local economy in preparation for the 2024-25 budget. This budget includes updated assumptions for inflation and adjustments to utility rates and other City fees and charges. The following are some major assumptions that were used in preparation of the budget.

- 3% increase to property taxes.
- Increase payroll cost by 3.5% for Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) per the Teamsters 206 and newly-created Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) Collective Bargaining Agreements (CBAs.)
- Health insurance rates are increased per our underwriter.
- Water and Wastewater rates will not be increased by the annual CPI due to economic conditions and a transfer from the General Fund is necessary to facilitate this.
- Purchase of an additional 160 acres to protect the City's watershed. This is paid with half grant/ half 1% loan. We will pay off the loan portion in early FY26.
- We were awarded \$1.5 m through a CDBG/Block grant for the remodel of the Community Center. We will spend some of this in 2025 to prepare for the work, but the bulk is in the FY26 budget.
- Starting in 2025, we worked with a Financial Consultant, Anne Heath, and she is trying to streamline the budget moving forward. In FY26, we moved the TLT monies from the Parks fund to the General fund. We have also placed all Admin and Public Works salaries in the General Fund.

- FY 26- Council and the Budget Committee approved a Public Safety Fee of \$12 per month per utility account to fund the POPD. This should generate \$100,000 in the year.
- FY 26- The TLT rate was increased from 7% to 10% per Council decision.

For future budgets, the City Council evaluates the Ordinance for Short Term Rentals (STR's) to ensure fees recoup the costs of City services such as Public Safety and Fire protection. STR fees were implemented. Additionally, management renegotiated the franchise fee with Coos Curry Electric at 5%.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

The City's financial statements are designed to present users with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to City Hall at P.O. Box 310, Port Orford, Oregon 97465. The City's telephone number is 541-332-3681.



| BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



| GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF PORT ORFORD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS:			
Cash and investments	\$ 254,114	\$ 720,971	\$ 975,085
Receivables, net	144,931	113,348	258,279
Restricted cash and investments	-	1,184,022	1,184,022
Net OPEB asset	5,097	4,985	10,082
Capital assets, net:			
Land	8,104,172	1,023,515	9,127,687
Construction in progress	2,000	272,138	274,138
Buildings and improvements	128,735	13,673	142,408
Machinery and equipment	175,556	384,620	560,176
Infrastructure	2,447,417	3,703,681	6,151,098
TOTAL ASSETS	11,262,022	7,420,953	18,682,975
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Deferred amounts related to other post			
employment benefits (OPEB)	390	380	770
Deferred amounts related to pensions	204,451	199,970	404,421
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	204,841	200,350	405,191
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	11,466,863	7,621,303	19,088,166
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS:			
Accounts payable	28,040	34,168	62,208
Accrued salaries and benefits	34,419	24,511	58,930
Accrued interest	-	19,192	19,192
Unearned revenue	6,153	-	6,153
Deposits	-	13,375	13,375
Accrued compensated absences	23,063	9,212	32,275
Net pension liability			
Due in more than one year	495,877	485,010	980,887
Long-term debt		05.774	05.774
Due within one year	-	85,771	85,771
Due in more than one year		2,960,670	2,960,670
TOTAL LIABILITIES	587,552	3,631,909	4,219,461
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Deferred amounts related to other post			
employment benefits (OPEB)	183	179	362
Deferred amounts related to pensions	105,732	103,415	209,147
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	105,915	103,594	209,509
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	693,467	3,735,503	4,428,970
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in capital assets	10,857,880	2,351,186	13,209,066
Restricted for:			
Streets	87,448	<u>-</u>	87,448
Debt service	-	182,168	182,168
System development costs		994,754	994,754
OPEB	5,097	4,985	10,082
Unrestricted	(177,029)	352,707	175,678
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 10,773,396	\$ 3,885,800	\$ 14,659,196

CITY OF PORT ORFORD STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Net (Expense) Re					
		Program	Revenues		nges in Net Pos		
		Fines, Fees,	Operating		-		
		and Charges	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Governmental activities:							
General government							
Administrative	\$ 118,062	\$ 34,355	\$ -	\$ (83,707)	\$ -	\$ (83,707)	
Police & court department	677,399	88,547	700	(588, 152)	-	(588,152)	
Parks department	201,023	6,230	23,421	(171,372)	-	(171,372)	
Planning department	31,170	9,843	· -	(21,327)	-	(21,327)	
Highways and streets	251,430	-	_	(251,430)	_	(251,430)	
Non-departmental	210,549	_	_	(210,549)	_	(210,549)	
·		-					
Total government activities	1,489,633	138,975	24,121	(1,326,537)		(1,326,537)	
Business-type activities:							
Water	727,209	506,549	-	-	(220,660)	(220,660)	
Sewer	610,930	621,612	-	-	10,682	10,682	
Other programs	7,715	15,180	-	-	7,465	7,465	
Interest on long-term debt	99,152				(99,152)	(99,152)	
Total business-type activities	1,445,006	1,143,341			(301,665)	(301,665)	
Total common city	\$ 2,934,639	\$ 1,282,316	\$ 24,121	(1,326,537)	(301,665)	(1,628,202)	
	General revenues						
		levied for genera	l purposes	378,964	_	378,964	
		levied for public		287,218	_	287,218	
	Lodging tax	pas		132,145	_	132,145	
	State highway t	ax		94,257	_	94,257	
	State revenue			11,953	_	11,953	
		marijuana, and a	alcohol taxes	39,025	_	39,025	
	Franchise fees	manjaana, ana i	aloonor taxes	62,889	_	62,889	
	Interest on inve	etments		25,041	90,972	116,013	
	Other	ourionio		19,224	-	19,224	
				- ,			
	Total general re	evenues		1,050,716	90,972	1,141,688	
	Transfers			(85,000)	85,000	-	
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION		(360,821)	(125,693)	(486,514)	
	BEGINNING NET YEAR	POSITION - BE	GINNING OF	11,134,217	4,011,493	15,145,710	
	ENDING	OITION	5 V 5 4 B				
	ENDING NET PO	SITION - END O	F YEAR	\$ 10,773,396	\$ 3,885,800	\$ 14,659,196	



| FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF PORT ORFORD BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

General Fund		·····			Parks Fund		Street Fund		Total
\$	-	\$	32,098	\$	143,448	\$	78,568	\$	254,114
	47,511		18,552		30,716		15,865		112,644
	· -		-		58,637		-		58,637
	17,758		14,529		<u> </u>				32,287
\$	65,269	\$	65,179	\$	232,801	\$	94,433	\$	457,682
\$	11.845	\$	4.720	\$	8.623	\$	2.852	\$	28,040
•	,	•	-,	•	-,	•	_,	•	58,637
	,		19.014		2.585		4.133		34,419
	6,153		. 0,0		-		-,		6,153
								-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	85,322		23,734		11,208		6,985		127,249
	14,702		12,029		_		-		26,731
	23,508								23,508
	38 210		12.020						50,239
	30,210		12,029		<u>-</u>				50,239
	_		_		_		87.448		87.448
	_		_		221.593		-		221,593
	(58,263)		29,416		-		-		(28,847)
	(58 263)		20.416		221 503		87 //8		280,194
	(30,203)		∠3, 4 10		221,033		01,440		200,194
\$	65,269	\$	65,179	\$	232,801	\$	94,433	\$	457,682
	\$ \$	Fund \$	General Fund	General Fund Safety Fund \$ - \$ 32,098 47,511 18,552 17,758 14,529 \$ 65,269 \$ 65,179 \$ 11,845 \$ 4,720 58,637 19,014 6,153 85,322 23,734 14,702 12,029 23,508 38,210 12,029 (58,263) 29,416 (58,263) 29,416	General Fund Safety Fund \$ - \$ 32,098 \$ 47,511 18,552 - 17,758 14,529 \$ 65,269 \$ 65,179 \$ \$ \$ 65,269 \$ 65,179 \$ \$ 11,845 \$ 4,720 \$ 58,637 - 8,687 19,014 6,153 85,322 23,734 \$ 23,734 \$ \$ \$ 14,702 12,029 23,508 (58,263) 29,416 (58,263) 29,416 \$ 29,416 \$ \$	General Fund Safety Fund Parks Fund \$ - \$ 32,098 \$ 143,448 47,511 18,552 30,716 58,637 - 58,637 17,758 14,529 \$ 65,269 \$ 65,179 \$ 232,801 \$ 11,845 \$ 4,720 \$ 8,623 58,637	General Fund Safety Fund Parks Fund \$ - \$ 32,098 \$ 143,448 \$ 47,511 18,552 30,716 - 58,637 17,758 14,529 \$ 58,637 \$ 65,269 \$ 65,179 \$ 232,801 \$ \$ 65,269 \$ 65,179 \$ 232,801 \$ \$ 11,845 \$ 4,720 \$ 8,623 \$ 58,637 \$ 6,623 \$ - \$ 8,687 19,014 2,585 6,153 \$ 85,322 23,734 11,208 11,208 \$ 14,702 12,029 \$ 38,210 12,029 \$ (58,263) 29,416 - 221,593	General Fund Safety Fund Parks Fund Street Fund \$ - \$ 32,098 \$ 143,448 \$ 78,568 47,511 18,552 30,716 15,865 58,637 - - 17,758 14,529 - - \$ 65,269 \$ 65,179 \$ 232,801 \$ 94,433 \$ 11,845 \$ 4,720 \$ 8,623 \$ 2,852 58,637 - - - 8,687 19,014 2,585 4,133 6,153 - - - 85,322 23,734 11,208 6,985 14,702 12,029 - - 23,508 - - - 38,210 12,029 - - - - - - 38,210 12,029 - - - - - - 38,210 12,029 - - - - - - -	General Fund Safety Fund Parks Fund Street Fund \$ - \$ 32,098 \$ 143,448 \$ 78,568 \$ 47,511 \$ 18,552 \$ 30,716 \$ 15,865 \$ - 58,637 \$ - 58,637 \$ - 58,637 \$ - 5

CITY OF PORT ORFORD RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

TOTAL FUND BALANCES		\$ 280,194
Amounts reported by governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds: Cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 14,765,269 (3,907,389)	10,857,880
The other post employment benefit asset (OPEB) and associated deferred outflows and inflows are not reported with the governmental funds as they are not available nor payable.		5,304
A portion of the City's receivables are collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current year's operations, and therefore, are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds: Property tax Citations	\$ 26,731 23,508	50,239
The net deferred outflow/(inflow) associated with the City's pension (OPERS) is not recorded in the governmental funds as it is not available nor payable currently. Compensated absences are recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when they are paid. In the statement of activities compensated absences are recognized as an expenditure when earned.		98,719
Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather recognized as an expenditure when due. Long-term liabilities consist of: Accrued vacation payable Net pension liability	\$ (23,063) (495,877)	(518,940)
TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 10,773,396

CITY OF PORT ORFORD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 General Fund	Public Safety Fund		Parks Funds	 Street Fund	Total
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ 379,530	\$ 288,195	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 667,725
Interest on investments	5,365	3,003		12,161	4,512	25,041
Intergovernmental	50,978	-		-	94,257	145,235
Franchise fee revenues	62,889	-		-	-	62,889
Licenses and permits	24,156	-		-	-	24,156
Administrative charges	69,438	-		-	-	69,438
Rents	-	-		6,200	-	6,200
Transient lodging tax	-	-		132,145	-	132,145
Fees	10,448	-		-	-	10,448
Citations	76,489	-		-	-	76,489
Reimbursements	8,699	-		-	-	8,699
Miscellaneous	224	19,375		-	_	19,599
Donations	 1,500	 700		23,451	 -	 25,651
TOTAL REVENUES	 689,716	 311,273		173,957	 98,769	 1,274,415
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Administrative	101,552	-		-	-	101,552
Court	43,557	-		-	-	43,557
Emergency management	14,144					14,144
Police department	-	579,895		-	-	579,895
Parks department	-	-		197,934	-	197,934
Streets department	-	-		-	148,923	148,923
Planning department	51,546	-		-	-	51,546
Non-departmental	270,514	-		-	-	270,514
Capital outlay	 12,507	 58,029		630	 	 71,166
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 493,820	 637,924		198,564	 148,923	 1,479,231
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF						
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 195,896	 (326,651)		(24,607)	 (50,154)	 (205,516)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	-	236,000		-	25,000	261,000
Transfers out	 (346,000)	 -		-	 -	 (346,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(346,000)	236,000	_		25,000	(85,000)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	 (150,104)	(90,651)		(24,607)	(25,154)	(290,516)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	91,841	120,067		246,200	112,602	570,710
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ (58,263)	\$ 29,416	\$	221,593	\$ 87,448	\$ 280,194

CITY OF PORT ORFORD RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FISCAL YEAR END JUNE 30, 2024

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		\$ (290,516)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Government funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period: Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 72,472 (173,807)	(101,335)
Government funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension/OPEB expenses.		20,376
Receivables that do not meet the measurable and available criteria are not recognized as revenue in the current year in the governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, the following are recognized as revenue when levied: Property taxes Citations	\$ (1,543) 11,078	9.535
Compensated absences are recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when they are paid. In the Statement of Activities compensated absences are recognized as an expenditure when earned.	,	1,119
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		\$ (360,821)

CITY OF PORT ORFORD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS Current assets Sample Sa			Water Fund		Sewer Fund	ı	Other Proprietary Funds		Total
Receivables, net	ASSETS:								
Restricted cash and investments		\$	87 026	\$	223 949	\$	409 996	\$	720 971
Total current assets		•		•		•	-	*	
Noncurrent assets: Net OPEB asset 2,886 2,098 0,180 1,023,515 1,	Restricted cash and investments		4,050		185,218		994,754		1,184,022
Net OPEB asset	Total current assets		144,185		469,406		1,404,750	_	2,018,341
Land									
Construction in progress 247,719 24,419							-		,
Buildings and improvements, net 13,673 32,06,556 30,408 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 1076 304,502 3							_		, ,
Infrastructure, net							-		
Total noncurrent assets							24,916		
Deference of mounts related to other post employment benefits (OPEB) 220 160 380 199,970 115,758 84,212 199,970 115,758 84,212 199,970 115,758 84,212 199,970 115,758 84,212 199,970 115,758 84,212 199,970 115,758 84,212 199,970 115,758 84,212 199,970 115,758 84,212 199,970 170,741 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 115,978 84,302 1,429,666 7,621,303 100,741 100,7	Infrastructure, net		497,125	_	3,206,556				3,703,681
Deferred amounts related to other post employment benefits (OPEB) 220 160 380 199.970 199.970 115.758 84.212 199.970 199.970 115.758 84.212 199.970 199.970 115.758 84.212 199.970 199.970 199.970 115.758 84.212 199.970	Total noncurrent assets		1,323,133	_	4,054,563		24,916		5,402,612
Part									
Deferred amounts related to pensions			220		160				390
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 1,583,296 \$ 4,608,341 \$ 1,429,666 \$ 7,621,303 LIABILITIES: Current liabilities: \$ 21,627 \$ 12,541 \$ \$ 34,168 Accounts payable \$ 12,792 11,719 \$ 24,511 Accrued compensated absences 5,731 3,481 \$ 9,212 Accrued interest 10,925 2,450 \$ 19,192 Accrued interest of the compensated absences 5,731 3,481 \$ 9,212 Accrued interest of compensated absences 5,731 3,481 \$ 9,212 Accrued interest of compensated absences 5,731 3,481 \$ 9,212 Accrued interest of compensated absences 5,731 3,481 \$ 9,212 Accrued compensated absences 5,731 3,481 \$ 9,212 Accrued interest of compensate absences 5,731 3,481 \$ 9,212 Accrued interest of compensate absences 51,095 135,154 \$ 186,229 Noncurrent liabilities 280,762 3,164,918 \$ 2,800,670 \$ 2,800,670 Total noncurrent liabilities									
Note	TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		115,978	_	84,372			_	200,350
Current liabilities:		\$	1,583,296	\$	4,608,341	\$	1,429,666	\$	7,621,303
Current liabilities:	LIADULITIES.								
Accounts payable									
Accrued compensated absences		\$	21,627	\$	12,541	\$	-	\$	34,168
Accrued interest							-		
Deposits 10,925 2,450 - 13,375 Bonds and notes payable - 85,771			5,731				-		
Source S			- 10 925				_		
Noncurrent liabilities: Net pension 280,762 204,248 - 485,010 Bonds and notes payable - 2,960,670 - 2,960,670 Total noncurrent liabilities 280,762 3,164,918 - 3,445,680 TOTAL LIABILITIES 331,837 3,300,072 - 3,631,909 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred amounts related to other post employment benefits (OPEB) 104 75 - 179 Deferred amounts related to pensions 59,865 43,550 - 103,415 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 59,969 43,625 - 103,594 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,320,247 1,006,023 24,916 2,351,186 Restricted: Debt service - 182,168 - 182,168 System development costs 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,892 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS									
Net pension Bonds and notes payable 280,762 2,960,670 204,248 2,960,670 485,010 2,960,670 Total noncurrent liabilities 280,762 3,164,918 - 3,445,680 TOTAL LIABILITIES 331,837 3,300,072 - 3,631,909 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred amounts related to other post employment benefits (OPEB) 104 75 - 179 Deferred amounts related to pensions 59,865 43,550 - 103,415 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 59,969 43,625 - 103,594 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,320,247 1,006,023 24,916 2,351,186 Restricted: Debt service - 182,168 - 182,168 System development costs - - 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800	Total current liabilities		51,075		135,154				186,229
Page	Noncurrent liabilities:								
Total noncurrent liabilities 280,762 3,164,918 - 3,445,680 TOTAL LIABILITIES 331,837 3,300,072 - 3,631,909 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred amounts related to other post employment benefits (OPEB) 104 75 - 179 Deferred amounts related to pensions 59,865 43,550 - 103,415 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 59,969 43,625 - 103,594 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,320,247 1,006,023 24,916 2,351,186 Restricted: - 182,168 - 182,168 System development costs - 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800			280,762		204,248		-		485,010
TOTAL LIABILITIES 331,837 3,300,072 - 3,631,909 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred amounts related to other post employment benefits (OPEB) 104 75 - 179 Deferred amounts related to pensions 59,865 43,550 - 103,415 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 59,969 43,625 - 103,594 Net investment in capital assets 1,320,247 1,006,023 24,916 2,351,186 Restricted: - - 182,168 - 182,168 System development costs - - - 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800	Bonds and notes payable			_	2,960,670				2,960,670
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred amounts related to other post employment benefits (OPEB) 104 75 - 179 Deferred amounts related to pensions 59,865 43,550 - 103,415 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 59,969 43,625 - 103,594 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,320,247 1,006,023 24,916 2,351,186 Restricted: Debt service - 182,168 - 182,168 System development costs 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	Total noncurrent liabilities	_	280,762	_	3,164,918	_		_	3,445,680
Deferred amounts related to other post employment benefits (OPEB) 104 75 - 179 Deferred amounts related to pensions 59,865 43,550 - 103,415 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 59,969 43,625 - 103,594 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,320,247 1,006,023 24,916 2,351,186 Restricted: Debt service - 182,168 - 182,168 System development costs - 2 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	TOTAL LIABILITIES		331,837		3,300,072				3,631,909
Deferred amounts related to other post employment benefits (OPEB) 104 75 - 179 Deferred amounts related to pensions 59,865 43,550 - 103,415 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 59,969 43,625 - 103,594 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,320,247 1,006,023 24,916 2,351,186 Restricted: Debt service - 182,168 - 182,168 System development costs - 2 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Deferred amounts related to pensions 59,865 43,550 - 103,415									
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 59,969 43,625 - 103,594 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 1,320,247 1,006,023 24,916 2,351,186 Restricted: Debt service - 182,168 - 182,168 System development costs - - - 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800							-		
Net investment in capital assets 1,320,247 1,006,023 24,916 2,351,186 Restricted: Debt service - 182,168 - 994,754 994,754 System development costs 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	·		· · · · · ·				-		
Net investment in capital assets 1,320,247 1,006,023 24,916 2,351,186 Restricted: Debt service - 182,168 - 994,754 994,754 System development costs 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	Not position:					_		_	_
Debt service - 182,168 - 182,168 System development costs - - 994,754 994,754 Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	Net investment in capital assets		1,320,247		1,006,023		24,916		2,351,186
Unrestricted (128,757) 76,453 409,996 357,692 TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS			-		182,168		-		182,168
TOTAL NET POSITION 1,191,490 1,264,644 1,429,666 3,885,800 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS			-						
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	Unrestricted		(128,757)		76,453		409,996	_	357,692
	TOTAL NET POSITION		1,191,490	_	1,264,644		1,429,666		3,885,800
		\$	1,583,296	\$	4,608,341	\$	1,429,666	\$	7,621,303

CITY OF PORT ORFORD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR END JUNE 30, 2024

	 Water Fund		Sewer Fund	_ F	Other Proprietary Funds		Total
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$ 504,902	\$	621,332	\$	-	\$	1,126,234
Miscellaneous	 1,647		280				1,927
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 506,549		621,612				1,128,161
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Personal services	331,728		220,381		-		552,109
Materials and services	284,294		254,283		-		538,577
Depreciation	 111,187		136,266	_	7,715		255,168
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	727,209		610,930		7,715		1,345,854
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (220,660)		10,682		(7,715)		(217,693)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
System development charges	-		-		15,180		15,180
Interest on investments	1,230		14,515		75,227		90,972
Interest expense	 		(99,152)	_			(99,152)
TOTAL NONOPERATING							
REVENUES (EXPENSES)	1,230		(84,637)		90,407		7,000
INCOME BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS	(219,430)		(73,955)		82,692		(210,693)
TRANSFERS							
Transfer in	235,000		150,000		111,288		496,288
Transfer out	 (52,451)	_	(58,837)	_	(300,000)	_	(411,288)
TOTAL TRANSFERS	182,549		91,163		(188,712)		85,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	 (36,881)		17,208		(106,020)		(125,693)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,228,371		1,247,436		1,535,686		4,011,493
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,191,490	\$	1,264,644	\$	1,429,666	\$	3,885,800

CITY OF PORT ORFORD STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR END JUNE 30, 2024

Receipts from customers \$ 511,324 \$ 625,931 \$ - \$ 1,137,255		Total	Other Proprietary Funds	P	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	
Payments to suppliers (333,368) (244,425) - (577,793	_						CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:
Payments to employees	5	1,137,25	\$ -	\$	625,931	\$ 511,324	\$ Receipts from customers
Other receipts (3,764) 280 - (3,484) Net cash provided (used) by operating activities (169,070) 153,014 - (16,056) CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			-		,		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities (169,070) 153,014 - (16,056)		•	-		, ,	, ,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers in 235,000 150,000 111,288 496,288 Transfers out (52,451) (58,837) (300,000) (411,288 Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and related financing activities 182,549 91,163 (188,712) 85,000 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: System development charges - 15,180 15,180 Principal paid on capital debt - (82,210) - (82,210 Interest paid on capital debt - (99,152) - (99,152 Proceeds from DEQ loan - 802,799 - 802,799 Purchase and construction of capital assets (73,569) (832,441) - (906,010 Net cash provided (used) by capital and	4)	(3,48	 		280	 (3,764)	 Other receipts
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers in 235,000 150,000 111,288 496,288 Transfers out (52,451) (58,837) (300,000) (411,288 Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and related financing activities 182,549 91,163 (188,712) 85,000 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: System development charges - 15,180 15,180 Principal paid on capital debt - (82,210) - (82,210 Interest paid on capital debt - (99,152) - (99,152 Proceeds from DEQ loan - 802,799 - 802,799 Purchase and construction of capital assets (73,569) (832,441) - (906,010 Net cash provided (used) by capital and							Net cash provided (used)
Transfers in Transfers out 235,000 (52,451) 150,000 (111,288 496,288 7) 496,288 496,288 70 496,288 70 (300,000) (411,288 70 (411,288 70 (300,000) (411,288 70 </td <td>6)</td> <td>(16,05</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>153,014</td> <td>(169,070)</td> <td>• • •</td>	6)	(16,05	-		153,014	(169,070)	• • •
Transfers in Transfers out 235,000 (52,451) 150,000 (111,288 496,288 7) 496,288 496,288 70 496,288 70 (300,000) (411,288 70 (411,288 70 (300,000) (411,288 70 </td <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td> </td>	_					 	
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and related financing activities 182,549 91,163 (188,712) 85,000	_	400.00	444.000		450,000	005 000	
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and related financing activities 182,549 91,163 (188,712) 85,000 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: System development charges - - - 15,180 15,180 Principal paid on capital debt - (82,210) - (82,210) Interest paid on capital debt - (99,152) - (99,152) Proceeds from DEQ loan - 802,799 - 802,799 Purchase and construction of capital assets (73,569) (832,441) - (906,010) Net cash provided (used) by capital and - (73,569) (832,441) - (906,010)		,	,				
related financing activities 182,549 91,163 (188,712) 85,000 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: System development charges - - - 15,180 15,180 15,180 Principal paid on capital debt - (82,210) - (82,210) - (82,210) - (82,210) - (82,210) - (99,152) - (99,152) - (99,152) - (99,152) - (99,152) - 802,799 - 802,799 - 802,799 - 802,799 - 802,799 - 802,799 - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906	3)	(411,28	 (300,000)		(58,837)	 (52,451)	 ransters out
related financing activities 182,549 91,163 (188,712) 85,000 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: System development charges - - - 15,180 15,180 15,180 Principal paid on capital debt - (82,210) - (82,210) - (82,210) - (82,210) - (82,210) - (99,152) - (99,152) - (99,152) - (99,152) - (99,152) - 802,799 - 802,799 - 802,799 - 802,799 - 802,799 - 802,799 - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906,010) - (906							Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and
FINANCING ACTIVITIES: System development charges - - 15,180 15,180 Principal paid on capital debt - (82,210) - (82,210) Interest paid on capital debt - (99,152) - (99,152) Proceeds from DEQ loan - 802,799 - 802,799 Purchase and construction of capital assets (73,569) (832,441) - (906,010) Net cash provided (used) by capital and	0	85,00	 (188,712)		91,163	 182,549	
Principal paid on capital debt - (82,210) - (82,210) Interest paid on capital debt - (99,152) - (99,152) Proceeds from DEQ loan - 802,799 - 802,799 Purchase and construction of capital assets (73,569) (832,441) - (906,010) Net cash provided (used) by capital and	0	15 10	15 190				FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Interest paid on capital debt		,	15,160		(82 210)	-	, ,
Proceeds from DEQ loan - 802,799 - 802,799 Purchase and construction of capital assets (73,569) (832,441) - (906,010) Net cash provided (used) by capital and	,		_		,	_	· · · ·
Purchase and construction of capital assets(73,569)(832,441)	,		_		, ,	_	· ·
Net cash provided (used) by capital and		,	_		,	(73,569)	
		(,-	_		(, ,	(-,,	'
	3)	(269,39	 15,180		(211,004)	(73,569)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:
Interest and dividends	<u>2</u>	90,97	75,227		14,515	1,230	 Interest and dividends
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (58,860) 47,688 (98,305) (109,477)	7)	(109,47	(98,305)		47,688	(58,860)	·
Cash and investments - beginning of the year 149,936 361,479 1,503,055 2,014,470	<u>D</u>	2,014,47	 1,503,055		361,479	 149,936	 Cash and investments - beginning of the year
Cash and investments - end of the year $\frac{$91,076}{}$ $\frac{$409,167}{}$ $\frac{$1,404,750}{}$ $\frac{$1,904,993}{}$	3	1,904,99	\$ 1,404,750	\$	409,167	\$ 91,076	\$ Cash and investments - end of the year
Reconciliation of cash and investments to the Statement of Net Position:							
Unrestricted cash and investments \$ 87,026 \$ 223,949 \$ 409,996 \$ 720,971 Restricted cash 4,050 185,218 994,754 1,184,022		,	\$,	\$,	\$,	\$
Total cash and investments \$ 91,076 \$ 409,167 \$ 1,404,750 \$ 1,904,993	3_	1,904,99	\$ 1,404,750	\$	409,167	\$ 91,076	\$ Total cash and investments
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							 to net cash provided (used)
Operating income (loss) \$ (220,660) \$ 10,682 \$ (7,715) \$ (217,693) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash provided by operating activities:	3)	(217,69	\$ (7,715)	\$		\$ (220,660)	\$ Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash
Depreciation expense 111,187 136,266 7,715 255,168 Change in assets, deferred outflows/inflows, and liabilities:	3	255,16	7,715		136,266	111,187	
Receivables, net 6,422 4,599 - 11,021	1	11,02	-		4,599	6,422	,
Pension/OPEB (11,534) (8,391) - (19,925			-				
Deposits (5,411) (5,411		•	-		-		Deposits
Accounts payable and other accruals (49,074) 9,858 - (39,216			<u>-</u>		9,858		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities <u>\$ (169,070)</u> <u>\$ 153,014</u> <u>\$ - </u> <u>\$ (16,056)</u>	6)	(16,05	\$ 	\$	153,014	\$ (169,070)	\$ Net cash provided (used) by operating activities



| NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The City of Port Orford (the City) is a municipal corporation governed by a Council comprised of six members and a Mayor who are elected at large. The City Administrator is directly responsible to this governing body. The City continues to operate under a council/manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police, fire, parks, municipal court, planning, public works, water utilities and sewer utilities.

The financial statements of the City of Port Orford, Oregon have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

The Financial Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable or a legally separate organization that raises and holds economic resources for the direct benefit of the primary government. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. For financial reporting purposes the City is classified as a primary government and there are no outside organizations or governmental units that are considered to be component units under criteria set forth in GAAP.

Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees charged to external parties for services.

The Statement of Activities presents the direct expenses of a given function/program or business-type activity and the related program revenues categorized into charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. Indirect expenses are those costs, usually administrative in nature, that support all City functions and enable direct services to be provided. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines and charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (continued)

The government-wide financial statements are accounted for using an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transfers, charges, advances, and loans between governmental and business-type activities are not eliminated.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available.

Fund Financial Statements

The City uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance, and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate funds. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary fund types.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for most of the City's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (General and Special Revenue Funds).

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting with a current financial resources measurement focus whereby only current assets (deferred outflows) and current liabilities (deferred inflows) generally are included in the Balance Sheet, and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance present increases and decreases in those current net fund balances. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting where revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund labilities when due.

Intergovernmental revenues are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met. Eligibility requirements for intergovernmental revenues received on a reimbursement basis (i.e. where monies must be expended on specific projects or for a specific purpose before any amounts are paid to the City) are determined to be met when the underlying expenditures are recorded. Eligibility requirements for intergovernmental revenues, which are unrestricted as to purpose of the expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements, are considered to be met at the time of receipt or when susceptible to accrual.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

Property taxes and citations are reflected as revenues in the fiscal period for which they were levied, provided they are due, or past due, and receivable within the current period, and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days). Otherwise, they are reported as a deferred inflow of resources (unavailable revenue).

Licenses and permits and miscellaneous revenues that are associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, reconciliation is provided to explain the differences between the governmental fund statements and the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

There are stated minimum criteria for the determination of major funds: percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category, or the governmental and enterprise funds combined. In addition, standards permit the presentation of major funds based on management judgement.

The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenues. Primary expenditures of the General Fund are made for the court department, and general administration. Effectively, all line and staff departments within the City, except those related to activity in Special Revenue Funds and Proprietary Funds, are financed by the General Fund.

Public Safety Fund – The Public Safety Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, accounts for the City's Police activities. Principal sources of revenue are local option taxes, grants, and transfers from the General Fund.

Parks Fund – The Parks Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, accounts for the maintenance of the City's parks and tourist destinations. Principal sources of revenue are lodging taxes, grants, and contributions.

Street Fund – The Street Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, accounts for the maintenance and construction of the City's streets. Principal source of revenue is highway taxes. The Street Fund includes the Street Capital Reserve Fund which is combined for financial reporting purposes.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of the City's facilities and services which are entirely self-supporting through service charges of customers. Services accounted for through enterprise funds are water and sewer operations. Funds included in this category are the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Water System Development Fund, Sewer System Development Fund, Water Capital Reserve Fund, Sewer Capital Reserve Fund, and the Equipment Replacement Fund.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Proprietary Funds (continued)

Operating expenses include cost of sales, debt service, capital outlay, administration expenses, and depreciation.

The principal operating revenues are charges to customers, grants, and earnings on investments.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary fund types where revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

Water Fund – This fund accounts for the maintenance, operation and construction of the City's water intake, purification and delivery systems. The principal source of revenue is user fees.

Sewer Fund – This fund accounts for the maintenance and operation of the City's wastewater collection and treatment system. The principal source of revenue is user fees.

Additionally, the City also reports other proprietary funds that are not considered major funds.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition on net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Additionally, the City has one type of deferred inflows which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Investments

The City maintains a common cash and investment pool for all City funds. All short-term, highly-liquid investments, including investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) where the remaining maturity at the time of purchase is one year or less are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Investments with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of more than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined as the quoted market price if available; otherwise the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Earnings on pooled cash and investments are credited to each fund monthly based on the average daily balance of each participating fund.

Pooled cash and investments have the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that any participating fund may deposit additional cash at any time and may also withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity date of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Deposits

Deposits are required of new utility customers prior to receiving City water and sewer services. Upon service termination, the individual's respective deposit of \$100, that is currently required, is applied to the amount owed with any remaining balance refunded to the customer.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property.

Receivables of the enterprise funds are recognized as revenue when earned, including services provided but not billed. Receivables in governmental and enterprise funds are stated net of any allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at the fair market value of such assets at the date of donation. As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34, the City has limited the capitalization of infrastructure to only those which were constructed or acquired after July 1, 2004. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, machinery, vehicles, and equipment costing over \$5,000 with an estimated life that extends beyond one reporting period. Infrastructure assets include streets, sidewalks, streetlights, water and sewer systems, etc. Maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or extend the assets' lives are charged to expenditures as incurred and are not capitalized.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related capital assets, except for land and construction in progress which are not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of the various categories of assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 20 to 50 years Infrastructure 10 to 50 years Machinery, vehicles and equipment 5 to 30 years

Upon disposal of capital assets, the accounts are relieved of the related historical costs and accumulated depreciation, and if appropriate, resulting gains or losses are recognized.

Compensated Absences

Liabilities for vacation pay are recorded in the Statement of Net Position and proprietary fund financial statements when vested or earned by employees. Vacation pay is accrued as an expenditure in the governmental fund financial statements when the amounts are expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources. Sick leave pay does not vest and is recorded as leave when taken.

Long-Term Debt and Debt Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or business-type activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts (if applicable) are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issue costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs during the period incurred. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Pensions

Substantially all of the City's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). Contributions to OPERS are made in a current basis as required by the plan and are charged as expenses.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payment (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-employment Health Benefits

Additionally, the City offers eligible employees who elect early retirement payment of group medical insurance premiums. The city also allows eligible retirees to purchase health insurance at the same rate as active employees. Such costs are recorded as expenses in the General Fund and funded as premiums become due. No liability has been recorded as the City has not obtained an actuarial valuation for the present value of the projected future benefits for retired and active employees.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Operating Revenues and Expenses, Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for sales of water, sewer and related SDC charges. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. Non-operating revenues and expenses of the City are those revenues and expenses not directly related to the service provided by the fund. Non-operating revenues and expenses include interest, and gain or loss on disposition of capital assets.

Net Position and Fund Balances

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws or buyers of the City's bonds. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the City.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified in the following categories:

Non-Spendable – Includes items not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.

Restricted – Includes items that are restricted by external creditors, grantors or contributors, or restricted by legal constitutional provisions.

Committed – Includes items committed by the City Council, by majority vote.

Assigned – Includes items assigned for specific uses, authorized by the City Administrator and/or Finance Director.

Unassigned – This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. In addition, it is the City's policy to use committed and then assigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, and unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Adoption of New GASB Pronouncement

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City implemented the following GASB Pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. This Statement clarifies the presentation and disclosures requirements for prior period adjustments to beginning net position. There is no effect on the City's financial statements as a result of this Statement.

Future GASB Pronouncements

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued, but are not effective as of June 30, 2024:

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Issued in June 2022, this Statement updates recognition and measurement guidelines for compensated absences. There is no effect on the City's financial statements as a result of this Statement. This Statement will be effective for the City for fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This standard requires governments to disclose essential information about risks related to vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. This Statement will be effective for the City for fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. This Statement will be effective for the City for fiscal year ending June 30, 2026.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Assets*. This standard requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures, requires certain intangible assets to be disclosed separately by major class, and requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. This Statement will be effective for the City for fiscal year ending June 30, 2026.

The City will implement new GASB pronouncements no later than the required effective date. The City is currently evaluating whether or not the above listed new GASB pronouncements will have a significant impact to the City's financial statements.

Note 2 - Appropriation and Budgetary Controls

The City is subject to provisions of the Oregon Revised Statutes which set forth local budget procedures. A resolution authorizing appropriation for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Appropriations are established by organizational unit in the General Fund, and by program in other funds.

The City Council may, however, approve additional appropriations for necessary expenditures which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted. Additionally, budgets may be modified during the fiscal year by the use of appropriation transfers between legal categories or appropriation transfers from one fund to another.

Such transfers must be authorized by official resolution or ordinance of the City Council. The resolution or ordinance must state the need for the transfer, the purpose of the authorized expenditures and the amount of the appropriation transferred.

Note 2 - Appropriation and Budgetary Controls (continued)

Transfers of contingency appropriations which in aggregate during a fiscal year exceed 15% of the total appropriations of the fund may only be made after adoption of a supplemental budget prepared for that purpose. A supplemental budget less than 10% of the fund's original budget may be adopted at a regular meeting of the governing body. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of the fund's original budget requires public hearings, publication in newspapers and approval by the Council. Budget amounts shown in the financial statements include the original budget, supplemental budgets, and budget transfers. All appropriations terminate on June 30. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between levels of control. Such transfers require approval by passing a Council resolution authorizing the transfer. All budget amendments are subject to the limitations put forth in the Oregon Revised Statutes Chapters 294.305 through 394.565 (Oregon Budget Law).

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City exceeded its appropriation authority in the following funds:

	Fina	al Budget	Actual	ı	Excess
General Fund:			 		
Planning department	\$	45,689	\$ 51,546	\$	5,857
Non-departmental		242,736	270,514		27,778
Capital Outlay		-	12,507		12,507
Public Safety:					
Public safety operations	\$	596,743	\$ 637,924	\$	41,181

Note 3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Pooled Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash management pool for its cash and investments in which each fund participates. Interest earnings are distributed based on average daily balances.

The City participates in the State of Oregon Local Investment Pool (LGIP or Pool) which is an open ended, no-load diversified portfolio created under ORS 294.805 to 294.895 and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Pool and is responsible for all funds in the Pool.

These funds must be invested and managed like that of a prudent investor, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Investments in the fund are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-term Funds Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The Oregon Audits Division of the Secretary of State's Office audits the Pool annually. The State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool is not rated. Same day wire redemptions cannot exceed \$1.5 million and withdrawals in excess of \$25 million may require 48 hours notice.

The City's position in the pool at June 30, 2024 is stated at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

Note 3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments (continued)

Deposits

Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits and certificates of deposit. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the carrying amounts of the City's deposits in various financial institutions were \$75,562 and the bank balances were \$120,929. For deposits in excess of federal depository insurance (currently limited to balances less than \$250,000), Oregon Revised Statue 295 requires a multiple financial institution collateral pool and eliminated Certificates of Participation. As a result, all balances over the \$250,000 FDIC limit are collateralized.

Investments and Credit Risk

Investments in the Oregon State Treasury LGIP are made under the provisions of ORS 194.180. These funds are held in the City's name and are not subject to collateralization requirements or ORS 295.015.

The City has invested funds in the State Treasurer's Oregon Short-term Fund Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) during fiscal year 2023-2024. Investments in the LGIP are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. Investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool.

In addition, the Oregon State Treasury LGIP distributes investment income on an amortized cost basis and participants' equity in the pool is determined by the amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed income. Accordingly, the adjustment to fair value would not represent an expendable increase in the City's cash position.

As of June 30, 2024, and for the year then ended, the City was in compliance with the aforementioned State of Oregon statutes.

Credit Risk. State Statutes authorize the City to invest primarily in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, certain commercial papers, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, among others. The City has no formal investment policy that further restricts its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City is required to provide information about the concentration of credit risk associated with its investments in one issuer that represents 5 percent or more of the total investments, excluding investments in external investment pools or those issued and explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The City has no such investments.

Interest Rate Risk. The City has no formal investment policy that explicitly limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates.

Note 3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments (continued)

Investments and Credit Risk (continued)

Cash and investments are comprised of the following as of June 30, 2024:

Petty cash Demand deposits Investments - LGIP	\$ 400 75,562 2,083,145
	\$ 2,159,107
Cash and investments are shown on the Statement of Net Position as follows:	_
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 975,085 1,184,022
Total cash and investments	\$ 2,159,107

Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Unadjusted inputs using quoted prices in active markets for identical investments.

Level 2 - Other significant observable inputs other than level 1 prices, including, but are not limited to, quoted prices for similar investments, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for investments (such as interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.) or other market corroborated inputs.

Level 3 - Significant inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available.

Investments Measu Fair Value:	red at	Totals as of 6/30/2024	Leve	l One	Leve	el Two	Level	Three	No	ortized Cost t Measured Fair Value
Local Government Investment Pool		\$2,083,145	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,083,145
	Total:	\$2,083,145	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	2,083,145

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables are comprised of the following as of June 30, 2024:

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	
On Account Property taxes Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	566,464 32,287 (453,820)	\$	113,348 - -	
Total	\$	144,931	\$	113,348	

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities		·		
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:	A A A A A A A B A	•	•	A 0.404.470
Land	\$ 8,104,172	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,104,172
Construction in progress	900	2,000	(900)	2,000
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	8,105,072	2,000	(900)	8,106,172
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	417,975	-	_	417,975
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	367,937	70,472	(38,318)	400,091
Infrastructure	5,841,031			5,841,031
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	6,626,943	70,472	(38,318)	6,659,097
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(278,732)	(10,508)	-	(289,240)
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	(230,966)	(32,787)	39,218	(224,535)
Infrastructure	(3,263,102)	(130,512)		(3,393,614)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,772,800)	(173,807)	39,218	(3,907,389)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	2,854,143	(103,335)	900	2,751,708
Total capital assets,				
governmental activities, net	\$ 10,959,215	\$ (101,335)	\$ -	\$ 10,857,880

Note 5 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 was charged to the following programs:

Governmental activities:

Program	
Administrative	\$ 16,003
Police department	13,347
Parks department	22,082
Highways and street	 122,375
	_
Total	\$ 173,807

The changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Business-type Activities	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not				
being depreciated:			_	
Land	\$ 220,716	\$ 802,799	\$ -	\$ 1,023,515
Construction in progress	174,150	97,988	-	272,138
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	394,866	900,787		1,295,653
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	152,028	-	-	152,028
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	863,469	5,223	-	868,692
Infrastructure	9,020,577			9,020,577
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	10,036,074	5,223		10,041,297
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(135,314)	(3,041)	-	(138,355)
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	(448,628)	(35,444)	-	(484,072)
Infrastructure	(5,100,213)	(216,683)		(5,316,896)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,684,155)	(255,168)		(5,939,323)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	4,351,919	(249,945)		4,101,974
Total capital assets,				
business-type activities, net	\$ 4,746,785	\$ 650,842	\$ -	\$ 5,397,627

Note 5 - Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense for the year was charged to the following programs:

Business-type activities:

Program	
Water	\$ 111,187
Sewer	136,266
Other programs	 7,715
Total	\$ 255,168

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Transfer		Transfer	
		ln	Out	
Sewer Fund	\$	150,000	\$	58,837
Sewer Capital Reserves Fund		58,837		150,000
Water Fund		235,000		52,451
Water Capital Reserves Fund		52,451		150,000
Street Fund		25,000		-
Public Safety Fund		236,000		-
General Fund		-		346,000
Total Transfers	\$	757,288	\$	757,288

The City made transfers from the General Fund to the Public Safety Fund, Street Fund and the Water Fund to supplement current operations. The City made transfers from the Water fund to the Water Capital Reserve fund for future infrastructure improvements and/or replacement. The City made transfers from the Sewer Fund to the Sewer Capital Reserves fund for future infrastructure improvements and/or replacement. All transfers were included in the original budget document.

Administrative Charges

Administrative charges during the year ended June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Charge		Charge	
	From		То	
General Fund	\$	69,438	\$	-
Parks Fund		-		19,100
Public Safety Fund		-		32,553
Streets Fund		<u>-</u>		17,785
Total Charges	\$	69,438	\$	69,438

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions (continued)

Payroll costs for finance personnel are initially recorded in the General Fund. A portion of these costs are allocated to other City funds at a predetermined percentage to approximate time spent by the finance staff performing duties for these other funds. Similarly, payroll costs for water, sewer, and maintenance personnel are recorded in the water, sewer, parks, and street funds based on a predetermined percentage to approximate time spent by the City's personnel.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

	Interfund Receivable		 nterfund Payable
General Fund Parks Fund	\$	- 58,637	\$ 58,637 -
Total	\$	58,637	\$ 58,637

Certain obligations and payments for the Parks Fund were paid for by the General Fund, these obligations and payments are then accounted for as interfund receivable and payable to or from the various funds affected.

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

Sewer Revenue Bond Phase 1 & 2

On March 3, 1995, the City entered into two loan agreements with the United States of America (the Government), acting through USDA Rural Utilities Service. The Series 1995 Bonds were issued in two series: 1995 Phase 1 in the amount of \$741,000 will be referred to as Sewer Revenue Bond Phase 1, and 1995 Phase 2 in the amount of \$159,000 will be referred to as Sewer Revenue Bond Phase 2. The Sewer Revenue Bond Phase 1 & 2 was issued to finance the acquisition and construction, extension, and improvement of the City's sewer system. The City's payment obligations are to be secured by unobligated net revenues of the Sewer Utility system. The agreement contains a provision that in the event of a default and default under any other such instrument shall constitute default hereafter upon default and the Government in its option may declare all or any part of said indebtedness immediately due and payable. The Sewer Revenue Bond Phase 1 & 2 have combined annual payments of \$48,916, including interest of 4.50%, due March 3rd each year through 2035. Principal and interest payments are made from the Sewer Fund. As part of the transaction, the City has established a reserve in the amount of \$40,274 and \$8,642 for the Sewer Revenue Bond Phase 1 & 2 respectively. The reserve accounts shall be used and disbursed only for the purpose of paying the cost of repairing or replacing any damage to the City's sewer system and when necessary for the purpose of making payments of principal and interest on the Sewer Revenue Bonds in the event the amount in the Sewer Fund is insufficient to meet such payments.

Note 7- Long-term Debt (continued)

Annual debt service requirements associated with the Sewer Revenue Bond Phase 1 & 2 are as follows: Fiscal Year Ending

June 30	Interest	Principal	Total
2025	18,753	30,163	48,916
2026	17,395	31,521	48,916
2027	15,977	32,939	48,916
2028	14,495	34,421	48,916
2029	12,946	35,970	48,916
2030-2034	38,944	205,636	244,580
2035	2,838	46,078	48,916
	\$ 121,348	\$ 416,728	\$ 538,076

Sewer Revenue Bond Phase 3

On April 27, 2005, the City entered into a loan agreement for \$2,542,000 with the United States of America (the Government), acting through USDA Rural Utilities Service. Sewer Revenue Bond Phase 3 was used to pay off previous interim financing. The City's payment obligations are to be secured by unobligated net revenues of the Sewer Utility system. The agreement contains a provision that in the event of a default and default under any other such instrument shall constitute default hereafter upon default and the Government in its option may declare all or any part of said indebtedness immediately due and payable. Annual payments of \$133,252, including interest of 4.25%, are due April 27th each year through 2045. Principal and interest payments are made from the Sewer Fund. As part of the transaction, the City has established a reserve in the amount of \$133,252. The reserve account shall be used and disbursed only for the purpose of paying the cost of repairing or replacing any damage to the City's sewer system and when necessary for the purpose of making payments of principal and interest on the Sewer Revenue Bonds in the event the amount in the Sewer Fund is insufficient to meet such payments.

Annual debt service requirements associated with the Sewer Revenue Bond Phase 3 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending						
June 30		Interest		Principal		Total
		_				_
2025	\$	77,644	\$	55,608	\$	133,252
2026		75,280		57,972		133,252
2027		72,817		60,435		133,252
2028		70,248	63,004			133,252
2029		67,570		65,682		133,252
2030-2034		293,522		372,740		666,262
2035-2039		207,299		458,958		666,257
2040-2044		101,121		565,140		666,261
2045		5,877		127,375		133,252
	-					
	\$	971,378	\$	1,826,914	\$	2,798,292

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (continued)

Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Loan Agreement

On December 15, 2023, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State of Oregon, acting by and through its Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) (Loan) for the financing of a land acquisition. The Loan of \$826,015 is made by DEQ pursuant to OAR Section 340-054-0065(1)(b) for the purpose of financing the land purchase and is secured by the City's pledge of its full faith and credit and taxing power. If the City completes the Project, and provided there is no default of any of the terms hereof, DEQ shall forgive fifty percent (50%) of the Loan or \$413,008, whichever is less. The Loan carries an interest rate of 1.42% per annum. Interest will accrue from the date that a disbursement is received by the City. An annual fee of 0.5% of the outstanding Loan amount is due during the repayment period commencing with the second payment date and annually thereafter. The City has until July 1, 2026 to complete the project. Repayment commences on the first December 1st to occur 90 days after the earlier of the project completion date or the project completion deadline. Starting on the repayment commencement date and then on each succeeding December 1st, the City is obligated to make level installment payments of principal and interest.

Subject to satisfaction of any special conditions, if the City completes the project by the project completion deadline in accordance with the terms of the contract, and provided that no event of default has occurred, on the date the first repayment is due, DEQ will forgive repayment of the forgivable loan amount and cancel the forgivable loan.

Upon any event of default, DEQ may pursue any or all remedies available at law or in equity to collect amounts due or to become due or to enforce the performance of any obligation of the City. The financing proceeds shall be disbursed to the City on an expense reimbursement or cost-incurred basis.

The loan balance as of June 30, 2024 was \$802,799. The repayment commencement date has not yet occurred; therefore, no payment schedule is available at this time.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance at 06/30/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance at 06/30/24	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Compensated Absences	\$ 24,182	\$ 19,930	\$ (21,049)	\$ 23,063	\$ -
Total Governmental Activities	24,182	19,930	(21,049)	23,063	
Business-type Activities:					
Water Fund Compensated Absences	10,344	5,807	(10,420)	5,731	-
Total Water Fund	10,344	5,807	(10,420)	5,731	-
Sewer Fund					
Sewer Revenue Installment Bond - Phase 1 & 2 (Direct Borrowing) Sewer Revenue Installment	445,592	-	(28,864)	416,728	30,163
Bond - Phase 3 (Direct Borrowing)	1,880,261	-	(53,347)	1,826,914	55,608
DEQ Loan	-	802,799	-	802,799	-
Compensated Absences	4,029	4,246	(4,794)	3,481	
Total Sewer Fund	2,329,882	807,045	(87,005)	3,049,922	85,771
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$2,364,408	\$832,782	\$ (118,474)	\$3,078,716	\$ 85,771

Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

Plan Description - As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), the City contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan was closed to new entrants hired on or after August 29, 2003.

To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Contributions

Employer Contributions - PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and OPEB plans. The contribution rates in effect for the period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024 for the OPEB program were: Tier1/Tier 2 - 0.00%, and OPSRP General Service - 0.00%. The County contributed \$4 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial valuation used for RHIA is identical to the actuarial valuation details related to the OPERS Plan disclosed in Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (excluding the healthcare cost trend rate and a retiree healthcare participation assumption of 27.5% for healthy retirees and 15% for disabled retirees has been used). The actuarial valuation details are the Actuarial Methods and Assumptions, Discount Rate, Assumed Asset Allocation, and the Investment Rate of Return.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the City reported \$10,082 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, (measurement date), the City's proportion was 0.00275348 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized a reduction of OPEB expense of \$290. The \$290 was treated as a decrease of payroll related expense in the statement of activities.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (continued)

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 Outflows ources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	253	
Changes in assumptions	-		109	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	29		-	
Changes in proportionate share	737		-	
Contributions subsequent to the MD	 4			
Total	\$ 770	\$	362	

\$4 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase to the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (prior to post-measurement date contributions) related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense (or expense reduction) as follows:

	Deferred Ou	ıtflow/Inflow of
Year Ended	Resources	(prior to post-
June 30	measure	ment date)
2025	\$	200
2026		(302)
2027		373
2028		133
2029		-
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	404

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity for the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
City's Net OPEB	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Asset/(Liability)	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)
Retirement Health Insurance Account	\$ 9,165	\$ 10,082	\$ 10,869

The RHIA OPEB is unaffected by healthcare cost trends due to the benefit being limited to \$60 monthly payments toward Medicare companion insurance premiums.

Changes in Assumptions

The changes in assumptions used for RHIA are identical to the changes in assumptions related to the OPERS Plan disclosed in *Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan*.

Single-Employer Defined Benefit Health Care Plan

Plan Description. The City operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan through the Oregon Educators Benefit Board that provides post-employment health, dental vision and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. The City is required by Oregon Revised Statutes 243.303 to provide retirees and their dependents with group health insurance from the date of retirement to age 65 at the same rate provided to current employees. Premiums for retirees are tiered and based upon the premium rates available to active employees. The retiree is responsible for any portion of the premiums not paid by the Employer. In some cases, the premium itself for retirees, does not represent the full cost of medical coverage (as retirees can be expected to generate higher medical claims and therefore higher premiums than the active population). Providing the same rate to retirees as provided to current employees, raises the medical premium rates for the entire employee group. This additional cost is called the "implicit subsidy" and is required to be valued under GASB 75.

Funding Policy. When the City has retirees participating in their health insurance plan, it will, when applicable, collect insurance premiums from all retirees each month and deposit them. The City will then pay healthcare insurance premiums for all retirees at the applicable rate for each family classification.

The City did not obtain an actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2024 for the single-employer plan.

Note 9 - Defined Pension Benefit Plan

Plan description

Employees are provided pensions as participants under one or more plans currently available through Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) Chapter 238, Chapter 238A, and Internal Revenue Service Code Section 401(a). Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board (Board) to administer and manage the System.

There are currently two programs within OPERS, with eligibility determined by the date of employment. Those employed prior to August 29, 2003 are OPERS Program members, and benefits are provided based on whether a member qualifies for Tier One or Tier Two described below. Those employed on or after August 29, 2003 are Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) Program members. OPSRP is a hybrid retirement plan with two components: 1) the Pension Program (defined benefit; established and maintained as a tax-qualified governmental defined benefit plan), and 2) the Individual Account Program (IAP) (defined contribution; established and maintained as a tax-qualified governmental defined contribution plan).

The 1995 Legislature enacted Chapter 654, Section 3, Oregon Laws 1995, which was codified into ORS 238.435. This legislature created a second tier of benefits for those who established membership on or after January 1, 1996. The second tier does not have the Tier One assumed earnings rate guarantee and has a higher normal retirement age of 60, compared to age 58 for Tier One.

The 2003 Legislature enacted House Bill 2021, codified as ORS 238A, which created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP). OPSRP consists of Pension Program and the Individual Account Program. Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. OPSRP is part of PERS and is administrated by the Board. The PERS Board is directed to adopt any rules necessary to administer OPSRP, and such rules are to be considered part of the plan for IRS purposes.

Beginning January 1, 2004, OPERS active Tier One and Tier Two members became members of the Individual Account Program (IAP) or OPSRP. OPERS members retain their existing Regular or Variable (if applicable) accounts, but member contributions are now deposited into the member's IAP account. Accounts are credited with earnings and losses net of administrative expenses.

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (Chapter 238)

Pension Benefits - The OPERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options that are actuarially equivalent to the base benefit. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.00 percent for Police and Fire employees and 1.67 percent for General Service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results. Monthly payments must be a minimum of \$200 per month or the member will receive a lump-sum payment of the actuarial equivalent of benefits to which he or she is entitled.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of final average salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2021. The limit will be equal to \$255,533 as of January 1, 2023, and is indexed with inflation every year.

Note 9 - Defined Pension Benefit Plan (continued)

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (Chapter 238) (continued)

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for Police and Fire members). General Service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and Fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One General Service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and Fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan was closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits - Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- Member was employed by an OPERS employer at the time of death,
- Member died within 120 days after termination of OPERS-covered employment,
- · Member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in an OPERS-covered job, or
- Member was on an official leave of absence from an OPERS-covered job at the time of death.

As of 2020, the Legislature introduced an Optional Spouse Death Benefit (OSDB) which may provide survivor benefit than the standard per-retirement death benefit described above. To be eligible for the OSDB, the member must have died before retiring, named their spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse as their pre-retirement beneficiary, and met the following conditions:

- Member's date of death must be on or after January 1, 2020.
- Member's account must be eligible for employer-matching death benefit (as described above).
- Member must have a surviving spouse.
- Surviving spouse must be member's sole beneficiary as determined by valid Tire One/ Tire Two Pre-retirement Beneficiary Designation form on file with PERS.

Disability Benefits - A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member for disability benefits regardless of the length of OPERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes After Retirement - Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of the underlying global equity investments of that account.

Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA), , starting with the monthly benefits received or entitled to be received on August 1. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

Note 9 - Defined Pension Benefit Plan (continued)

OPSRP Pension Program (Chapter 238A)

Pension Benefits - The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

General Service - 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for General Service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

Police and Fire - 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for a police and fire member is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of final average salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2021. The limit was equal to \$225,533 as of January 1, 2023 and is indexed with inflation each year.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits - Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse or other person may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70 ½ years.

Disability Benefits - A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Contributions

OPERS funding policy provides for periodic member and employer contributions at rates established by the OPERS Board, subject to limits set by statute. The rates established for member and employer contributions were approved based on the recommendation of the OPERS third-party actuary.

Member Contributions – Beginning January 1, 2004, all member contributions, except for contributions by judge members, were placed in the IAP. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 or 7.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers.

Employer Contributions - OPERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the OPERS Defined Benefit Plan and OPEB plans.

Note 9 - Defined Pension Benefit Plan (continued)

OPSRP Pension Program (Chapter 238A) (continued)

Employer contributions during the period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024, were based on the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2023. For the period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2025, net employer contribution rates were 25.89% for Tier 1/Tier 2 employees, 21.18% for OPSRP General Employees and 25.97% for OPSRP Police and Fire Payroll. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$186,760, excluding amounts to fund employees specific liabilities.

Pension Plan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

OPERS prepares their financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements that apply to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds and enterprise funds. The accrual basis of accounting is used for all funds. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to legal (or statutory) requirements. Benefits and withdrawals are recognized when they are currently due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are recognized at fair value, the amount that could be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Oregon PERS produces an independently audited ACFR which includes the OPEB plans and can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2023-ACFR.pdf

Actuarial Valuation

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2025, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this cost method, each active member's entry age present value of projected benefits is allocated over the member's service from the member's date of entry until their assumed date of exit, taking into consideration expected future compensation increases.

Note 9 - Defined Pension Benefit Plan (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in Developing Total Pension Liability

Valuation date December 31, 2021 Measurement date June 30, 2023

Experience study 2020, published July 20, 2021

Actuarial assumptions:

Mortality

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Inflation rate 2.40 percent Long-term expected rate of return Discount rate 6.90 percent 6.90 percent

Projected salary increases 3.40 percent

Cost of living adjustments (COLA) Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA

(1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with *Moro*

decision; blend based on service.

Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:

Pub-2010 Healthy retiree, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described

in the valuation.

Active members:

Pub-2010 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described

in the valuation. **Disabled retirees:**

Pub-2010 Disabled retirees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs

as described in the valuation.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in Developing Total Pension Liability (continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2020 Experience Study, which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 9 - Defined Pension Benefit Plan (continued)

Assumed Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Cash	0.00%
Debt securities	25.00%
Public equity	27.50%
Private equity	20.00%
Real estate	12.50%
Real assets	7.50%
Diversifying strategies	7.50%
Total	100.00%

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in June, 2023 the OPERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at the time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below:

		20-Year Annualized
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Geometric Mean
Global equity	27.50%	7.07%
Private equity	25.50%	8.83%
Core fixed income	25.00%	4.50%
Real estate	12.25%	5.83%
Master limited partnerships	0.75%	6.02%
Infrastructure	1.50%	6.51%
Hedge fund of funds - multistrategy	1.25%	6.27%
Hedge fund equity - hedge	0.63%	6.48%
Hedge fund - macro	5.62%	4.83%
Total	100.00%	
•		
Assumed inflation - mean		2.35%

Note 9 - Defined Pension Benefit Plan (continued)

Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$980,887 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, (measurement date), the City's proportion was approximately .00523679 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized a reduction in pension expense of \$40,011. The \$40,011 was treated as a decrease of payroll related expense in the Statement of Activities and allocated to Governmental Activities, Sewer Fund and Water Fund using allocation percentages of 50.6, 20.8, and 28.6 percent, respectively.

At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience		\$ 47,968	\$	3,889	
Changes in assumptions		87,136		650	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		17,631		-	
Changes in proportionate share		36,770		143,159	
Differences between employer contributions and employer's proportionate share of system contributions		28,156		61,449	
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		186,760			
	Total	\$ 404,421	\$	209,147	

\$186,760 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (prior to post-measurement date contributions) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense or (expense reduction) as follows:

Outflow/(Inflow) of
Resources
(11,949)
(58, 126)
63,350
13,258
1,981
8,514

Note 9 - Defined Pension Benefit Plan (continued)

Sensitivity for the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (5.90 percent) or one percent higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
City's Net Pension	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Asset/(Liability)	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)
Defined Benefit Pension	\$ (1,620,240)	\$ (980,887)	\$ (445,816)

Changes in Assumptions and Methods

A summary of key changes implemented since the December 31, 2021 valuation are noted below. Additional detail and list of changes can be found in the December 31, 2022 Actuarial Valuation, which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/Actuarial/2022/12312022%20Actuarial%20Valuation.pdf

Assumption Changes

- The merit/longevity component assumption of individual member salary increases were updated for all groups.
- Assumed administrative expenses were updated and changed to a combined assumption of \$64 million for Tier One/Tier Two and OPSRP.
- The assumed healthcare cost trend rates for the RHIPA program were updated.
- The mortality improvement projection scale applied to all groups is based on 60-year unisex average mortality improvement rates by age. The assumption was updated to reflect the most recent publicly available data at the time of the latest experience study.
- Termination, disability and retirement rates were updated for some groups to more closely match observed and anticipated future experience.
- Assumptions for unused sick leave and vacation pay were updated.
- Participation assumptions for both RHIA and RHIPA were updated.

Actuarial Methods

- An adjustment was added to the side account amortization calculations and Pre-SLGRP liability and surplus calculations to reflect the delay between when a rate is calculated and when it takes effect
- The timing of the amortization period for Pre-SLGRP liabilities and surpluses for SLGRP employers was revised to align the biennial rate-setting cycle.

Plan Changes

There were no changes to plan provisions valued since the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Note 9 - Defined Pension Benefit Plan (continued)

Defined Contribution Plan - Individual Account Program (IAP)

Benefit Terms – The IAP is an individual account-based program under the PERS tax-qualified governmental plan as defined under ORS 238A.400. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established. Employers have the option to make employer contributions for a member under ORS 238A.340. Contributions for these accounts are deposited into a separate employer-funded account. The member becomes vested in this optional employer-funded account on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. The accounts fall under Internal Revenue Code Section 414(k).

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5, 10, 15, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits - Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions –Starting July 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required a portion of member contributions to their IAP accounts to be redirected to the Defined Benefit fund. In 2023, if a member earns more than \$3,570 per month, 0.75 percent (if OPSRP member) or 2.5 percent (if Tier One/Tier Two member) of the member's contributions that were previously contributed to the member's IAP now fund the new Employee Pension Stability Accounts (EPSA). The EPSA accounts will be used to help fund the cost of future pension benefits without changing those benefits, which means reduced contributions to the member's IAP account. Members may elect to make voluntary IAP contributions equal to the amount redirected.

EPSA redirect is only triggered when the member's gross pay in a month exceeds the monthly salary threshold, tied to the annual Consumer Price Index (All Urban Consumers, West Region).

During 2024, the City, as an employee benefit, paid the employee portion of the contribution. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$40,638, of which \$35,927 was deposited into the individual members' accounts.

Note 10 - Risk Management

The City of Port Orford is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. Worker's compensation insurance is also provided through a commercial carrier. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and the City has not been required to pay any settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

Note 11 - Concentrations of Risk

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Note 12 - Current Vulnerability Due to Certain Concentrations

The City's operations are concentrated within Curry County. In addition, substantially all the City's revenues for continuing operations are from federal, state, local government agencies, utilities and charges for services.

Note 13 - Subsequent Events

Management of the City has evaluated events and transactions occurring after June 30, 2024 through the date the financial statements were available for issuance, for recognition and/or disclosure in the financial statements.

On February 14, 2025, the City entered into a grant agreement with Oregon Business Development Department for \$750,000. The purpose of this grant is to develop and construct a recycled water program.

On April 23, 2025, the City entered into a grant agreement with Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board for \$415,735. The purpose of this grant is to complete the purchase of an 160 acre parcel that is in the City's drinking water source area.



| REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/(LIABILITY) AND SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30

City of Port Orford Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset/(Liability) as of the measurement date

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
City of proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.00551%	0.00551%	0.00649%	0.00607%	0.00622%	0.00524%	0.00610%	0.00557%	0.00610%	0.00614%
City's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (843,770)	\$ (843,770)	\$ (776,619)	\$ (1,323,795)	\$ (1,075,134)	\$ (793,861)	\$ (822,792)	\$ (836,296)	\$ (350,449)	\$ 139,207
City's covered payroll	\$ 766,160	\$ 618,202	\$ 655,846	\$ 661,111	\$ 643,368	\$ 568,051	\$ 497,109	\$ 516,695	\$ 472,562	\$ 460,356
City's proportionate share of the net pension as a percentage of its covered payroll	110.13%	136.49%	118.41%	200.24%	167.11%	139.75%	165.52%	161.85%	74.16%	30.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.50%	84.50%	87.57%	75.80%	80.23%	82.07%	83.10%	80.52%	91.88%	103.59%
City of Port Orford Pension Contributions										
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 186,760	\$ 158,295	\$ 139,732	\$ 124,990	\$ 132,040	\$ 99,240	\$ 90,214	\$ 63,716	\$ 66,037	\$ 50,957
Contribution in relation to the contractually required	(186,760)	(158,295)	(139,732)	(124,990)	(132,040)	(99,240)	(90,214)	(63,716)	(66,037)	(50,957)
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 811,761	\$ 766,160	\$ 618,202	\$ 655,846	\$ 661,111	\$ 643,368	\$ 568,051	\$ 497,109	\$ 516,695	\$ 472,562
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.01%	20.66%	22.60%	19.06%	19.97%	15.43%	15.88%	12.82%	12.78%	10.78%

Notes to Schedule -

A summary of assumption changes implemented since the December 31, 2021 valuation are outlined briefly in Note 9 in Notes to the basic Financial Statements.

CITY OF PORT ORFORD

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB (RHIA) ASSET/(LIABILITY) AND SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (RHIA)

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30 (For Years Information is Available)

City of Port Orford Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Asset/(Liability) at the measurement date.

	2024	2023	2022	 2021	2020	 2019	2018
City of proportion of the net OPEB RHIA asset/(liability)	0.00295%	0.00295%	0.00374%	0.00338%	0.00567%	0.00530%	0.00476%
City's proportion of the net OPEB RHIA asset/(liability)	\$ 10,468	\$ 10,468	\$ 12,832	\$ 6,894	\$ 10,958	\$ 5,912	\$ 1,985
City's covered payroll	\$ 766,160	\$ 618,202	\$ 655,846	\$ 661,111	\$ 643,368	\$ 568,051	\$ 497,109
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB RHIA asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll	1.37%	1.69%	1.96%	1.04%	1.70%	1.04%	0.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB RHIA asset	194.60%	194.60%	183.90%	150.10%	144.40%	123.90%	108.88%
City of Port Orford Contributions							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contributions	\$ 4	\$ 54	\$ 73	\$ 100	\$ 242	\$ 2,810	\$ 2,564
Contributions in relation to the contractually required	(4)	(54)	(73)	 (100)	(242)	(2,810)	(2,564
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$ _
City's covered payroll	\$ 811,761	\$ 766,160	\$ 618,202	\$ 655,846	\$ 661,111	\$ 643,368	\$ 568,051

Note to schedule:

Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll

A summary of assumption changes implemented since the December 31, 2020 valuation are outlined briefly in Notes to the basic Financial Statements.

0.00%

Other Information -

This schedule is presented to illustrate required supplementary information for a 10 year period. The City adopted GASB 75 for RHIA during fiscal year 2018, as a result, only seven years of information is presented.

0.01%

0.01%

0.04%

0.02%

0.44%

0.45%

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

							riance with nal Budget	
		Bu dopted	dget	Final	Actual	,	Positive Negative)	
	A	uopieu		rillai	 Actual		ivegative)	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	367,291	\$	367,291	\$ 379,530	\$	12,239	
Interest on investments		13,000		13,000	5,365		(7,635)	
Intergovernmental		51,350		51,350	50,978		(372)	
Franchise fee revenues		33,000		33,000	62,889		29,889	
Licenses and permits		7,500		7,500	24,156		16,656	
Administrative charges (Interfund)		69,438		69,438	69,438		-	
Fees		21,750		21,750	10,448		(11,302)	
Citations		274,000		274,000	76,489		(197,511)	
Reimbursements		100		100	8,699		8,599	
Donations		-		-	1,500		1,500	
Miscellaneous		100		100	 224		124	
TOTAL REVENUES		837,529		837,529	689,716		(147,813)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Administrative		125,098		128,649	101,552		27,097	
Court		97,978		97,978	43,557		54,421	
Emergency management		31,588		31,589	14,144		17,445	
Planning department		38,586		38,586	51,546		(12,960)	
Non-departmental		230,445		242,736	270,514		(27,778)	
Capital outlay		-		-	12,507		(12,507)	
Contingency		117,091		101,249	 		101,249	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		640,786		640,787	 493,820		146,967	
EVCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		196,743		196,742	195,896		(846)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(306,340)		(306,340)	 (346,000)		(39,660)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(306,340)		(306,340)	 (346,000)		(39,660)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(109,597)		(109,598)	(150,104)		40,506	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		134,985		134,985	 91,841		(43,144)	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 25,388 \$			25,387	\$ (58,263)	63) \$ (83,650		

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC SAFETY FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Adopted	Budget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Adopted		Hotaui	(Nogativo)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 290,67	1 \$ 290,671	\$ 288,195	\$ (2,476)
Interest on investments	2,50	2,500	3,003	503
Contributions	50	500	700	200
Miscellaneous	80	799	19,375	18,576
TOTAL REVENUES	294,47	1 294,470	311,273	16,803
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Personnel services	443,94	3 443,943	494,236	
Materials & services	81,64	5 85,612	85,659	
Capital outlay	40,00	0 40,000	58,029	
Contingency	31,15	5 27,188		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	596,74	3 596,743	637,924	(41,181)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(302,27	2) (302,273)	(326,651)	(24,378)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	180,00	0 180,000	236,000	(56,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	180,00	0 180,000	236,000	(56,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(122,27	2) (122,273)	(90,651)	31,622
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	147,56	4 147,564	120,067	(27,497)
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 25,29	2 \$ 25,291	\$ 29,416	\$ 4,125

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKS FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	D.	-l4			Fina	ance with
	 Adopted	dget	Final	Actual		ositive egative)
	 шортош			 7101000		-gu
REVENUES						
Interest on investments	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 12,161	\$	7,161
Rents	4,780		4,780	6,200		1,420
Transient lodging tax Miscellaneous	175,000 100		175,000 100	132,145		(42,855) (100)
Contributions	100		100	23,451		23,451
Contributions	 			 20,401		20,401
TOTAL REVENUES	184,880		184,880	 173,957		(10,923)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Personnel services	78,885		78,885	81,759		
Materials and services	185,419		188,776	116,175		
Capital outlay	-		-	630		
Contingency	 80,000		76,643			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 344,304		344,304	 198,564		145,740
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 (159,424)		(159,424)	(24,607)		134,817
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	95,000		95,000			(95,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	 95,000		95,000	 		(95,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(64,424)		(64,424)	(24,607)		39,817
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	246,540		246,540	246,200		(340)
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 182,116	\$	182,116	\$ 221,593	\$	39,477

CITY OF PORT ORFORD COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - STREET FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	•	Street Fund	R	et Capital eserve Fund	Str	Total eet Fund
REVENUES:	Φ	04.057	Ф		ው	04.057
Intergovernmental Interest on investments	\$	94,257 1,634	\$	- 2,878	\$	94,257 4,512
interest on investments		1,004		2,070		4,512
TOTAL REVENUES		95,891		2,878		98,769
EXPENDITURES: Current: Personnel services		118,522				118,522
Materials and services		30,401		-		30,401
Materials and services		00,401				00,401
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		148,923		_		148,923
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(53,032)		2,878		(50,154)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in		25,000				25,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		25,000				25,000
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		(28,032)		2,878		(25,154)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		60,682		51,920		112,602
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	32,650	\$	54,798	\$	87,448

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Bu	dget			Variance with Final Budget Positive				
	Α	dopted		Final	Actual	(N	egative)			
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$	92,571	\$	92,571	\$ 94,257	\$	1,686			
Interest on investments		2,500		2,500	1,634		(866)			
TOTAL REVENUES		95,071		95,071	95,891		820			
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Highways and streets:										
Personnel services		112,867		112,867	118,522					
Materials and services		22,185		23,776	30,401					
Contingency		37,767		36,176	 					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		172,819		172,819	148,923		23,896			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(77,748)		(77,748)	(53,032)		24,716			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in		25,000		25,000	25,000		_			
		· · ·		,	· · · · · ·					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		25,000		25,000	25,000		<u>-</u>			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(52,748)		(52,748)	(28,032)		24,716			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		64,748		64,748	 60,682		(4,066)			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$ 32,650	\$	44,650			

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET CAPITAL RESERVE FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 Bu Adopted	dget	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES Interest on investments	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$ 2,878	\$	1,878			
TOTAL REVENUES	 1,000		1,000	 2,878		1,878			
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 1,000		1,000	 2,878		1,878			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	 16,340		16,340			(16,340)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	16,340		16,340			(16,340)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	17,340		17,340	2,878		(14,462)			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 47,268		47,268	 51,920		4,652			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 64,608	\$	64,608	\$ 54,798	\$	(9,810)			



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Rus	dget				ariance with Final Budget Positive	
	_	Adopted	ugot	Final		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	560,010	\$	560,010	\$	504,902	\$	(55,108)
Grants	Ψ	150,000	Ψ	150,000	Ψ	-	Ψ	(150,000)
Miscellaneous		100		100		1,647		1,547
Interest on investments		1,000		1,000		1,230		230
TOTAL REVENUES		711,110		711,110		507,779		(203,331)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Personnel services		333,268		333,268		347,875		
Materials and services		421,428		429,844		357,863		
Capital outlay Contingency		150,000 58,606		150,000 50,190		-		
Contingency		36,000	-	30,190				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		963,302		963,302		705,738	_	257,564
		(050,400)		(050,400)		(407.050)		5.4.000
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(252,192)		(252,192)		(197,959)		54,233
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		235,000		235,000		235,000		-
Transfers out		(62,451)		(62,451)		(52,451)	_	10,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		172,549		172,549		182,549		10,000
00011020 (0020)		172,040	_	172,040		102,040	_	10,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(79,643)		(79,643)		(15,410)	_	64,233
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		107,089		107,089		114,251	_	7,162
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	27,446	\$	27,446	\$	98,841	\$	71,395
Adjustments to generally accepted								
accounting principles basis:								
Property, plant and equipment						1,320,247		
Net OPEB asset (liability) - RHIA						2,886		
Deferred outflows - RHIA						220		
Deferred outflows - PERS						115,758		
Net pension asset (liability) - PERS Deferred inflows - RHIA						(280,762)		
Deferred inflows - RFIA Deferred inflows - PERS						(104) (59,865)		
Compensated absences						(5,731)		
Compensated absences						(0,731)		
Total Net Position					\$	1,191,490		

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEWER FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget							Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Adopted		Final		Actual		(Negative)		
REVENUES										
Charges for services	\$	648,472	\$	648,472	\$	621,332	\$	(27,140)		
Miscellaneous	*	100	Ψ.	100	*	280	Ψ	180		
Interest on investments		8,000		8,000	_	14,515		6,515		
TOTAL REVENUES		656,572		656,572		636,127	_	(20,445)		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Personnel services		222,407		222,407		229,320				
Materials and services		344,815		356,978		1,061,865				
Capital outlay		125,000		125,000		24,859				
Debt service		182,168		182,168		182,173				
Contingency		104,020	-	91,857		-				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		978,410		978,410	_	1,498,217		(519,807)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF										
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(321,838)		(321,838)		(862,090)		(540,252)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in		150,000		150,000		150,000		-		
Transfers out		(68,837)		(68,837)		(58,837)		10,000		
Proceeds from long-term debt		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	802,799		802,799		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)		81,163		81,163		893,962		812,799		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(240,675)		(240,675)		31,872		272,547		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		484,024		484,024		410,824		(73,200)		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	243,349	\$	243,349		442,696	\$	199,347		
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis										
Property, plant and equipment Bonds and notes payable Net OPEB asset (liability) - RHIA Deferred outflows - RHIA Deferred outflows - PERS						4,052,464 (3,046,441) 2,099 160 84,212				
Net pension asset (liability) - PERS						(204,248)				
Deferred inflows - RHIA						(75)				
Deferred inflows - PERS						(43,550)				
Accrued interest						(19,192)				
Compensated absences					_	(3,481)				
Total not position					Φ	<u> </u>				
Total net position					\$	1,264,644				

CITY OF PORT ORFORD COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS	Water System velopment Fund	Sewer System Development Fund		Water Capital Reserve Fund		Sewer Capital Reserve Fund	quipment eplacement Fund	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Current assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ -	\$	-	\$	51,622	\$ 250,276	\$ 108,098	\$ 409,996
Restricted cash and investments	578,801		415,953		-	-	-	994,754
Noncurrent assets:							24.040	04.040
Capital assets (net)	 		-		<u>-</u>	 	 24,916	 24,916
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 578,801	\$	415,953	\$	51,622	\$ 250,276	\$ 133,014	\$ 1,429,666
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION								
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 24,916	\$ 24,916
Restricted	578,801		415,953		.	-	.	994,754
Unrestricted	 				51,622	 250,276	 108,098	 409,996
TOTAL LIABILITIES								
AND NET POSITION	\$ 578,801	\$	415,953	\$	51,622	\$ 250,276	\$ 133,014	\$ 1,429,666

CITY OF PORT ORFORD COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Water System Development Fund	Sewer System Development Fund	Water Capital Reserve Fund	Sewer Capital Reserve Fund	Equipment Replacement Fund	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
OPERATING EXPENSES Depreciation					7,715	7,715
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSE					7,715	7,715
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)					(7,715)	(7,715)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Transfers in Transfers out System development charges Interest on investments	- - - 27,970	- - 15,180 19,806	52,451 (150,000) - 7,058	58,837 (150,000) - 16,412	- - 3,981	111,288 (300,000) 15,180 75,227
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	27,970	34,986	(90,491)	(74,751)	3,981	(98,305)
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	27,970	34,986	(90,491)	(74,751)	(3,734)	(106,020)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	550,831	380,967	142,113	325,027	136,748	1,535,686
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 578,801	\$ 415,953	\$ 51,622	\$ 250,276	\$ 133,014	\$ 1,429,666

CITY OF PORT ORFORD COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	;	Water System velopment Fund	De	Sewer System velopment Fund		Water Capital Reserve Fund		Sewer Capital Reserve Fund		Equipment placement Fund		Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM NON - CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in Transfers out	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	52,451 (150,000)	\$	58,837 (150,000)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	111,288 (300,000)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities					_	(97,549)		(91,163)			_	(188,712)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES System development charges			_	15,180	_	<u>-</u> _	_		_		_	15,180
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities				15,180								15,180
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES												
Interest and dividends		27,970		19,806	_	7,058		16,412	_	3,981		75,227
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		27,970		34,986		(90,491)		(74,751)	-	3,981		(98,305)
Balances - beginning of the year		550,831		380,967	_	142,113	_	325,027		104,117		1,503,055
Balances - end of the year	\$	578,801	\$	415,953	\$	51,622	\$	250,276	\$	108,098	\$	1,404,750
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:												
Operating income (loss) Depreciation expense	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(7,715) 7,715	\$	(7,715) 7,715
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$		\$	

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Bud Adopted	dget	Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES Interest on investments	\$ 15,000	\$	15,000	\$_	27,970	\$	12,970		
TOTAL REVENUES	15,000		15,000		27,970		12,970		
EXPENDITURES Water system development	<u> </u>		<u> </u>						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES									
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	15,000		15,000		27,970		12,970		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	549,059		549,059		550,831		1,772		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 564,059	\$	564,059	\$	578,801	\$	14,742		

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEWER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget Adopted Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
System development charges	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,180	\$	15,180	
Interest on investments		11,000		11,000		19,806		8,806	
		_		_					
TOTAL REVENUES		11,000		11,000		34,986		23,986	
		·							
EXPENDITURES									
Sewer system development		_		_		_		_	
cowor cyclem development		-							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		_		_		_		_	
TOTAL EXI ENDITORES									
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		11,000		11,000		34,986		23,986	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		11,000		11,000		34,900		23,900	
FUND DALANCE DEGINNING OF YEAR		270 704		270 704		290.067		1 262	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		379,704		379,704		380,967		1,263	
FUND BALANCE END OF YEAR	φ	200 704	¢.	200 704	¢.	44E 0E2	ф.	25.240	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u>Ф</u>	390,704	\$	390,704	\$	415,953	\$	25,249	

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER CAPITAL RESERVE FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget Adopted Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Adopted				Actual		(
REVENUES								
Interest on investments	\$ 3	,500	\$	3,500	_\$	7,058	\$	3,558
TOTAL REVENUES	3	,500		3,500		7,058		3,558
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	52	,451		52,451		52,451		-
Transfer out	(150	,000)		(150,000)	_	(150,000)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	(97	,549)		(97,549)		(97,549)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	55	,951		55,951		(90,491)		(146,442)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	151	,468_		151,468		142,113		(9,355)
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 207	,419	\$	207,419	\$	51,622	\$	(155,797)

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEWER CAPITAL RESERVE FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Buc	lget				Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
		Adopted		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES	•	7.000	•	7.000	•	10.110	•	0.440
Interest on investments	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	_\$	16,412	\$	9,412
TOTAL REVENUES		7,000		7,000		16,412		9,412
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		58,837		58,837		58,837		-
Transfers out		(150,000)		(150,000)		(150,000)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(91,163)		(91,163)		(91,163)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(84,163)		(84,163)		(74,751)		9,412
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		334,884		334,884		325,027		(9,857)
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	250,721	\$	250,721	\$	250,276	\$	(445)

CITY OF PORT ORFORD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Adopted	Final		Actual		(Negative)		
REVENUES Interest on investments	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	3,981	\$	1,481	
TOTAL REVENUES		2,500		2,500		3,981		1,481	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		40,000		40,000				40,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		40,000		40,000				40,000	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(37,500)		(37,500)		3,981		41,481	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		20,000		20,000				20,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		20,000		20,000				20,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(17,500)		(17,500)		3,981		61,481	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		95,638		95,638		104,117		8,479	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	78,138	\$	78,138	\$	108,098	\$	69,960	
Adjustments to generally accepted accounting principles basis									
Capital assets, net						24,916			
Total net position					\$	133,014			





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Council City of Port Orford Port Orford, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Port Orford (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated August 15, 2025. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not the objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions under ORS Chapter 295.
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required under ORS Chapter 294.
- Insurance and fidelity under bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds under ORS Chapter 294.
- Public contracts and purchasing under ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administration Rules 162-010-0000 through 162-010-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, except as reported in Note 2 (Appropriation and Budgetary Controls) of the financial statements.

OAR 162-010-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency. We describe the significant deficiency in internal control in a separately issued Communication with Governance letter.

Restrictions on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City of Port Orford and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Benjamin R. Cohn, CPA

KDP Certified Public Accountants, LLP

Symin E. CM

Medford, Oregon August 15, 2025